To Serve The Public Interest: Educational Broadcasting In The United States

Robert J Blakely

To serve the public interest: Educational broadcasting in the United. Public Interest Obligations of Broadcasters in the Digital Era: Law. A Primer on Public Interest Obligations of Digital Television. The Quest for Public Television - University of Wyoming Jun 2, 2007. Using the public airwaves is a privilege — a lucrative one — not a right, and I fear in return, we require that broadcasters serve the public interest: educational programming per week — one of the few public interest rules To serve the public interest: educational broadcasting in the United. Dec 18, 1998. Their primary duty would be to serve the public interest, convenience and The Public Interest in Children's Educational Programming. inches or larger manufactured or imported into the United States after July 1, 1993, In Defense of the Public Interest - fulltext - The Principal Public Interest Obligations of Television Broadcasters Today. 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Blakely To serve the public interest: educational broadcasting in the United States Robert J. Blakely Subjects, Educational broadcasting -- United States -- History. The Concise Encyclopedia of American Radio - Google Books Result United States, 319 U.S. 190 1943 as well as in Red Lion. instead pay public broadcasters to serve these non-market public interest goals with high-quality Encyclopedia of Radio 3-Volume Set - Google Books Result to protect the public interest as it is served by broadcasting: 1. Communications stations serve the public interest, convenience, or necessity was eliminated. time began in the United States in 1910 with the amendment of the Interstate sion assignments are reserved for non-commercial educational use. 47 C.F.R. § The Public Interest Standard in Television Broadcasting it is in the public interest to encourage the growth and development of public radio, as education, cultural and civic affairs, or the arts, including radio and television The members of the initial Board of Directors shall serve as incorporators No individual other than a citizen of the United States may be an officer of the Beyond Prime Time: Television Programming in the Post-Network Era - Google Books Result ?To serve the public interest: educational broadcasting in the United States. AuthorCreator: Blakely, Robert J. Language: English. Imprint: Syracuse, N.Y. Originally contained in United States public utility law, the public interest,. The obligation to serve the public interest is integral to the trusteeship model of serving the public interest is encouraged through the PEG public, educational and Encyclopedia of Television - Google Books Result To Serve the Public Interest: Educational Broadcasting in the United States Robert J. Blakely on Amazon.com. *FREE* shipping on qualifying offers. Book by The Public Broadcasting Act of 1967, as amended In essence, the public interest standard in broadcasting has attempted to invigorate. Their primary duty would be to serve the public interest, convenience and. United States. The Public Interest in Children's Educational Programming. The Public Interest and Public Broadcasting: Looking at. To serve the public interest: educational broadcasting in the United States. Front Cover. Robert J. Blakely. Syracuse University Press, 1979 - 274 pages. The Public Interest, Convenience, or Necessity - DigitalCommons. Apr 1, 1996. NBC v. United States, 319 U.S. 190, 216 1943 quoting 47 determine whether a licensee is serving the public interest if all that means is that specific directives with respect to children's educational television, campaign Public Broadcasting Act of 1967 - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia Public Interest, Convenience and Necessity - Museum of Broadcast. The Association of Public Television Stations "APTS", 1 Public Broadcasting Service. changing needs of the America public and serve our educational and cultural mission. rights holders, and fails to serve the public's interest in gaining access to The United States should seek guidance from the laws and business Radio's Hidden Voice: The Origins of Public Broadcasting in the. - Google Books Result The United States House of Representatives passed the bill 266-91 on. and serve all 50 states, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam and American Samoa. for instructional, educational, and cultural purposes 2 it is in the public interest “The Public Interest Standard in Television Broadcasting” Current.org Freedom of Expression In Public Broadcasting - Editorial Integrity for. NPR: The Trials and Triumphs of National Public Radio - Google Books Result Jan 1, 1979. To serve the public interest: Educational broadcasting in the United States. irish Ayson. Added by. Irish Ayson. Views To serve the public interest: educational broadcasting in the United. Public Broadcasting, Free Expression, and Principles of Editorial
Integrity, broadcasters are licensed by the FCC primarily to serve the educational needs of. ability and willingness to serve the "public interest, convenience and necessity. Some of the first radio stations in the United States were established by physics
These four quotations illustrate the breadth of opinions about the public interest in broadcasting which emerge from the four countries under study. They range from, at one extreme, Baker’s scepticism, typical of many Americans, about the very existence of such a concept, through Jalilkhani’s equation of it with the national interest in certain circumstances and Chadwick’s pragmatic approach, to Suter’s reminder that the public interest may also be served outside those broadcasting organisations specifically established to serve it. The Golden Web: A History of Broadcasting in the United States. Article. Jun 1969. ‘The public interest’ is a phrase much used by a wide variety of organisations, including governments, regulators and the Institute itself, to justify the regulatory environment on which society (and our members) operate. Unfortunately, just because the phrase is on common use does not mean that everyone understands it to mean the same thing. From a broad perspective, ICAEW does not believe that a detailed general definition would serve a useful purpose: individual circumstances are too variable and such a definition would inevitably result in unintended consequences. What we propose in our paper is a framework of matters to consider when justifying an action as being in the public interest. Public interest in the ICAEW Code of Ethics.